

669 County Square Drive, 2nd Floor Ventura, CA 93003 www.vcapcd.org

Michael Villegas APCO/Executive Officer

Ventura County Air Pollution Control District Ventura, California



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2010

Prepared by: Fiscal Section

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT June 30, 2010

Table of Contents

	Page
Introductory Section (Unaudited):	
Letter of Transmittal	1
List of Governing Board	7
Organization Chart	8
Financial Section:	
Independent Auditors' Report	9
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	11
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	21
Statement of Activities	22
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund	23
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Fund to Statement of Net Assets	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	25
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to Statement of Activities	26
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	27
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited):	
General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	37
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	38
Supplementary Financial Information:	
California Air Resources Board - State Subvention Funds Revenue Detail	39

VENTURA COUNTY AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT June 30, 2010

Table of Contents

	Page
Statistical Section (Unaudited):	
Statistical Narrative	41
Financial Trends:	
Net Assets by Component – Last Four Fiscal Years	43
Changes in Net Assets – Last Four Fiscal Years	44
Fund Balance – Last Four Fiscal Years	45
Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds – Last Four Fiscal Years	46
Revenue Capacity:	
Total Revenue Sources – Last Ten Fiscal Years	47
Local Revenue Sources – Last Ten Fiscal Years	48
Top Ten Payers of Emission Fees – Fiscal Year 2009-10	49
Total Emission Fees – Last Ten Fiscal Years	50
Economic and Demographic Information:	
Ventura County Population (by Cities) – Last Ten Years	51
Ventura County Economic and Demographic Statistics – Last Ten Calendar Years	52
Ventura County Principal Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	53
Operating Information:	
Expenditures by Category – Last Ten Fiscal Years	54
Full-Time Equivalent Employees – Last Ten Fiscal Years	55
Ventura County Smog Trend – Last Ten Calendar Years	56



669 County Square Dr Ventura, California 93003 tel 805/645-1400 fax 805/645-1444 www.vcapcd.org Michael Villegas Air Pollution Control Officer

March 31, 2011

Air Pollution Control Board Ventura County Air Pollution Control District 669 County Square Drive, 2nd Floor Ventura, CA 93003

Members of the Ventura County Air Pollution Control District Board and Citizens of Ventura County:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Ventura County Air Pollution Control District (District) is hereby submitted for the year ended June 30, 2010. District management is responsible for the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented is accurate in all material aspects; reported in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and changes in financial position of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

This report is divided into three major sections: the Introductory Section, Financial Section, and Statistical Section. The Introductory Section includes the District's governing Board, organizational chart, and this Letter of Transmittal, which provides general comments on activities of interest to the reader. The Financial Section is comprised of the Independent Audit Opinion, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements that include the notes to the basic financial statements, and budgetary comparison schedule of the General Fund. The Statistical Section provides important historical and trend information about the District.

Audits

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was prepared to satisfy the financial reporting requirements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Further information regarding the reporting requirements can be found in Note 2 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. Comparative analysis of the financial statements for June 30, 2010, and 2009 can be found in the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Vavrinek Trine & Day Company LLP (VTD), an independent certified public accounting firm audited the District's CAFR. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. The results of the District's annual audit for fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, concluded that the District's annual financial statements as contained herein present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and changes in financial position of the District in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The auditor's unqualified opinion is included in the financial section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

In addition, the District is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the United States Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. This federally mandated requirement is designed to meet the needs of the Federal grantor agencies. Information related to this single audit, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, summary of auditor's results, and the independent auditor's reports on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are included in a separately issued publication available at the District.

Profile and Reporting Entity of the Ventura County Air Pollution Control District

The District was formed by the Ventura County (the County) Board of Supervisors in 1968 in response to the County's first air pollution study that identified Ventura County as having a severe air quality problem. The Air Pollution Control Board is composed of ten members, which includes five representatives from the County Board of Supervisors and five representatives from five of the ten cities in Ventura County. The Chair of the Board is elected by the board members to a one-year term.

Division 26 of the California Health and Safety Code establishes the District's structure, operating procedures, and authority. The District provides a full range of air pollution control activities, including permitting, facility inspection, air quality attainment planning, rule making, air quality monitoring and incentive programs.

The District shares responsibility with the California Air Resources Board for ensuring that all state and federal air quality standards are achieved and maintained within Ventura County. The District's jurisdiction is limited principally to regulating non-vehicular sources of air pollution within the County of Ventura, primarily commercial and industrial emission sources. Any company wishing to build or modify a facility in Ventura County must first obtain a permit from the District to ensure that the facility complies with all applicable rules.

The District accounts for its financial position and results of operations in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the primary standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the District as the primary government entity for which it is considered to be financially accountable. Note 1 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provides more information on the reporting entity.

District management is responsible for establishing, maintaining, and evaluating the adequacy of an internal accounting control structure. Internal accounting control structure is designed to ensure that assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the costs of internal control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from it. It is our belief that the District's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The Air Pollution Control Board (District Board) adopts an annual budget in accordance with Health & Safety Code, Section 40130 et. seq. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures

cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the department/budget unit and object level of expenditures, except capital assets which are controlled at the sub-object level. The Executive Officer is authorized to transfer appropriations between object levels within the Air Pollution Control District's budget as provided in Government Code Section 29125.

All unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year and become available to finance the next year's budget. Encumbered appropriations are reappropriated in the next year's budget. Outstanding encumbrances at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balance. Additional budgetary information is included in the Required Supplementary Information section of the CAFR.

VENTURA - EMMA WOOD EL RIO-RIO MESA THOUSAND OAKS-MOORPARK RD THOUSAND OAKS-MOORPARK RD

Ventura County Air Monitoring Station Locations

Ventura County has a serious air quality problem. During summer and fall, a combination of poor atmospheric mixing, a capping temperature inversion, bordering mountains and sunny days act to enhance smog formation and effectively trap pollutants in the inland valleys. The District is responsible for monitoring air pollution within the County and for developing and administering programs to reduce air pollution levels below the health-based standards established by the State and federal governments. In 2010, the air quality standards for ozone were exceeded on 6 days for the state 1-hour standard and on 11 days for the federal 8-hour standard.

Despite occasionally high smog levels, the air quality in Ventura County has improved dramatically since the early 1970s. The average number of days exceeding the federal 8-hour standard over the three-year period of 2008 to 2010 decreased by approximately 85 percent when compared to 1973 to 1975. Federal standards for particulate matter (PM_{10}) , fine particulate matter $(PM_{2.5})$, carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, and sulfur dioxide have not been exceeded in Ventura County.

Most of the air quality improvements can be attributed to control strategies implemented by the District, the State, and the federal government. The District's regulatory program, in conjunction with State and federal programs, is projected to decrease pollutant levels to meet the federal 84 part per billion air quality standard over time, in spite of population growth in Ventura County.

Long-term Planning

The District's unreserved fund balance in the 2009-2010 adopted budget exceeds the policy guidelines set by the Board for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., to maintain an unreserved fund balance between four to six months of operating expenses). This unreserved fund balance will be used to make up the gap between expenditures and revenues over the next five years as the Board and staff explore the possibilities of new or enhanced revenue streams, along with staff and program adjustments, and fee adjustments where applicable, to recover the agency's program costs.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The District is a fee supported agency and does not receive sales or property tax support. Approximately 20 percent of its funding is derived from fees paid by stationary sources that emit air pollution; 19 percent from auto registration fees collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles and distributed to air districts throughout the State in support of motor vehicle emission reduction programs; 58 percent from federal grants, pass through grants, and state subvention; and 3 percent from general revenues such as penalties/settlements and interest earnings.

In fiscal year 2009-10, the District minimized increases in expenses by reviewing the current budget and year-to-date expenditures to ensure that all likely costs were identified and necessary steps were taken to scrutinize the service and supplies expenditure object for potential savings. The District's workload continued to increase due to additional federal and state mandates; however, the District was able to meet its program commitments and has successfully streamlined many of its operations thus, reducing the cost of its programs.

The District does not fully recover its activity costs from fees, additional support in the form of State subvention, and federal grants, and a 3.5% increase in permit fees in fiscal year 2009-10 helped offset much of the shortfall.

Overall, the District's fund balance has increased as a result of the positive financial performance in fiscal year 2009-2010.

Relevant Financial Policies

Cash Management Policies and Practices

The District participates in the County Treasurer's cash and investment pool. The County pool invests the District's funds in accordance with State statutes and the County's investment policy. Pooled investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. Further information is available in Note 4 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Cash and Investments.

Risk Management

The District participates in the County's Risk Management pool and pays an annual premium to the County for coverage. The County's Risk Management department administers the commercial and self-insurance aspects of the County's risk programs. The County is self insured for various types of risks including general liability, property damage, unemployment and disability insurance, and for the deductible on medical malpractice premiums. In addition, the County is self insured for workers' compensation.

Other Information

On-Line Information

Copies of this CAFR, the Single Audit Report, and the District's Adopted Budget may be obtained from the District office. The District's web page, http://www.vcapcd.org/, includes the CAFR, District's adopted budget, and information on the District's various air district programs, educational programs, air quality index and statistics, and health effects. In addition, information is also available on board meetings, board agendas, publications, and forms.

Acknowledgments

The completion of this report was made possible by the dedicated and coordinated team efforts of the entire District staff. We would like to acknowledge and express our appreciation to the special efforts of the Fiscal section, the Ventura County Auditor-Controller's Office, and our independent auditors, Vavrinek Trine & Company LLP, for their assistance in the report preparation.

Recognition is also given to the District Board for their continued leadership and support, and to all employees of the District who continue to push technology and improve operations to accomplish the District's mission of protecting public health from air pollution by working with community and businesses and other governmental agencies.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael Villegas

Executive Officer

Nancy Sison Mendoza

Fiscal & Administrative Manager

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

List of Governing Board June 30, 2010

JOHN ZARAGOZA Chair Board of Supervisors - District V PAUL MILLER Vice-Chair Mayor, City of Simi Valley

STEVE BENNETT
Board of Supervisors - District I

BRIAN BRENNAN Council Member, City of San Buenaventura

LINDA PARKS Board of Supervisors - District II THOMAS HOLDEN Mayor, City of Oxnard

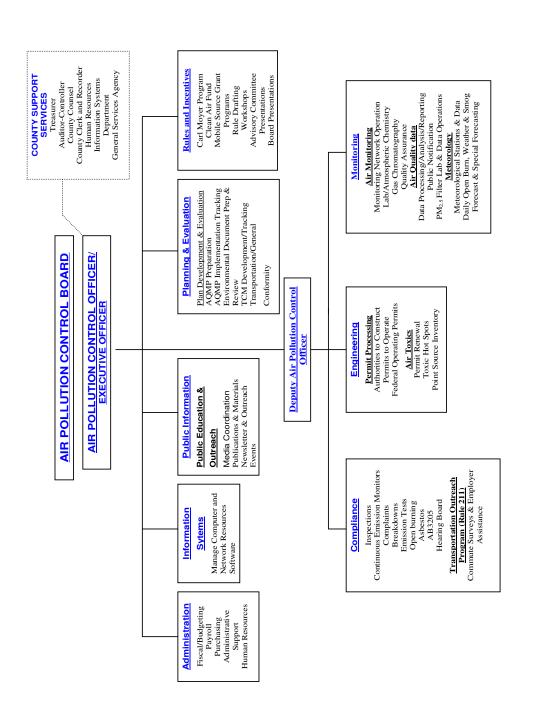
KATHY LONG
Board of Supervisors - District III

MIKE MORGAN Council Member, City of Camarillo

PETER C. FOY Board of Supervisors - District IV JONATHAN SHARKEY Mayor, City of Port Hueneme

MICHAEL VILLEGAS Air Pollution Control Officer / Executive Officer

Organization Chart





FINANCIAL SECTION



Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Air Pollution Control Board Ventura County Air Pollution Control District Ventura, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Ventura County Air Pollution Control District (the District), California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and general fund of the District, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2011, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 11 through 20 and the budgetary comparison schedule on page 37 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, such as the introductory section, supplementary financial information, and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

it in a succession of the first place of the succession of the succession of the succession of the succession The succession of the

and the complete with the transfer and the control of the time and the control of the control of the control of

and the second to the second with the second second

ente de la companya La companya de la co Panya de la companya de la companya

distributed the conference of the second second control of the conference of the con

and the second of the second o

The second state of the first of the second of the second

The Control of the Co

na na 1944. An ann an 1949 an Taoine ann an t-Aireann an t-Aireann an t-Aireann an Aireann agus an t-Aireann a

and the second of the second

Variach, Tim, Das , Ca, Us

We consider a subsection of the control of the c

in management in a distributar or a production of the contract of the first of the contract of

Rancho Cucamonga, California March 25, 2011

with the broad and the second of the second

the transfer of the Committee of the Com

The first will be the company of the

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2010

(Unaudited)

This section of the report presents the District's discussion and analysis, a requirement of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statement and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, for its financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. Please read this section in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the basic financial statements following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the 2009-2010 fiscal year by \$8,819,000 (net assets). Of this amount, \$8,533,000 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations without constraints established by legal requirements and \$286,000 is invested in capital assets.
- As of June 30, 2010, the District's governmental fund reported combined fund balances of \$9,254,000 an increase of \$617,000 in comparison to the prior year. The \$9,254,000 represents the entire amount of the General Fund. Approximately 71 percent of the fund balance may be available to meet the District's current and future needs (*unreserved fund balance*).

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements have three components:

Government-wide financial statements

Fund financial statements

Notes to basic financial statements

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report also includes required supplementary information, supplementary financial information, and statistical information.

In general, the purpose of financial reporting is to provide external parties with information that will help them make decisions or draw conclusions about an entity. In order to address the needs of as many parties as reasonably possible, the District, in accordance with required reporting standards, presents government-wide statements and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. This set of financial statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. These financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all assets held and liabilities owed by the District using the accrual basis of accounting. The difference between the two is reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2010

(Unaudited)

The *statement of activities* presents information on how net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. Revenues and expenses are recognized as earned and incurred even though they may not have been received or paid in cash. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The District's government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21-22 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. They are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District is a single purpose, single-fund entity and utilizes government funds to account for its activities.

Governmental Funds

The fund financial statements consist of the balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. These are prepared on the modified-accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide statements are prepared on the full-accrual basis.

In general, these financial statements under the modified-accrual basis have a short-term emphasis and for the most part, measure and account for assets that are current financial resources and liabilities that are expected to be liquidated with current financial resources. Specifically, cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time are reported on the balance sheet.

Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period of time after the end of the fiscal year. The long-term liabilities are not included. The difference between a fund's total assets and total liabilities represents the fund balance. The unassigned portion of the fund balance represents the amount available to finance future activities.

The operating statements for governmental funds report only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash during the current period or very shortly after the end of the year.

The focus of the fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements. Since the different accounting bases are used to prepare the above statements, reconciliation is required to facilitate the comparison between the fund statements and the government-wide statements. The reconciliation between the total fund balances and net assets of governmental activities can be found on page 24.

The reconciliation of the total change in the fund balance for the governmental funds to the change in net assets of governmental activities can be found on page 26.

The fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 and 25.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2010

(Unaudited)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found in pages 27 to 36 of this report.

Required and Other Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual. It also includes supplementary information on the District's Revenue Detail. Required supplementary information can be found on page 37 of this report. Other supplementary information as required by the California Air Resources Board to report on the District's State Subvention Funds, can be found on page 39 of this report. Statistical information is also provided beginning on page 41 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Government-wide Summary of Net Assets

The net assets serve as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. At the close of fiscal year, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$8,819,000. The District's net assets increase of \$492,000 from last fiscal year was due to unique cost savings and receipt of one time revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2010

(Unaudited)

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010 and 2009 (In Thousands)

	FY 2009-		0 FY 2008-2009		Percent Change	
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$	14,903	\$	13,999	6%	
Capital Assets		286		364	-21%	
Total Assets		15,189		14,363	6%	
Liabilities:						
Long-term liabilities outstanding		358		292	23%	
Other liabilities		6,012		5,744	5%	
Total Liabilities		6,370		6,036	6%	
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets		286		364	-21%	
Unrestricted		8,533		7,963	7%	
Total Net Assets	\$	8,819	\$	8,327	6%	

Net assets include three components: Invested in capital assets, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

The largest portion of the District's net assets of \$8,533,000 (97%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet ongoing obligations in carrying out day-to-day operations.

Another component of the District's net assets totaling \$286,000 (3%) reflects the District's investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. The District uses these capital assets in carrying out its mission of protecting public health. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending.

The District has no restricted net assets for the year ended, June 30, 2010.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2010

(Unaudited)

Government-wide Summary of Activities

The following table shows the revenue, expenses, and changes in net assets for governmental type activities:

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 (In Thousands)

	FY 2009-2010		FY 2008-2009		Percent Change	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	3,354	\$	3,639	-8%	
Operating grants and contributions		11,369		6,866	66%	
General revenues:						
Investment earnings		34		318	-89%	
Total Revenues		14,757		10,823	36%	
Expenses:						
Public Protection		14,265		9,562	49%	
Increase in net assets		492		1,261	-61%	
Net Assets:						
Beginning of year		8,327		7,066	18%	
End of year	\$	8,819	\$	8,327	6%	

Governmental Activities - The statement of activities presents information on how net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. The format also permits the reader to ascertain the extent to which the District is either self-financing or draws from net assets in a given year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement include some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The statement of activities for the District presents its governmental activities, its sole purpose. Governmental functions of the District are predominantly supported by fees, grants, state subvention, penalties, and settlements. The primary governmental activities of the District include the following: Ensure Compliance with Clean Air Rules, Customer Service, Develop Programs to Achieve Clean Air, Develop Rules to Achieve Clean Air, Monitoring Air Quality, Permit Review, Public Information, Policy Support, and Advance Clean Air Technology.

The District's revenues were for air pollution control services and totaled \$14,757,000. The graph and table on page 17 shows the total revenue for the District in 2009-10.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2010

(Unaudited)

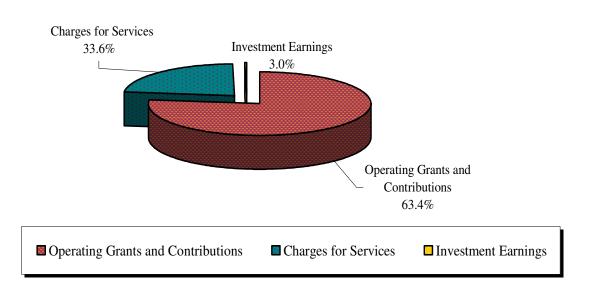
Operating grants and contributions are revenues earned from entities outside of the District, primarily state and federal agencies. In 2009-10, the District reported \$11,369,000 in operating grants and contributions representing the largest revenue source for the District. State pass through grants revenue of \$4,504,000 (40%) were for the Carl Moyer, School Bus Replacement, and other pass through grants that are restricted for specific purposes.

Charges for services are revenues earned from providing goods and services to external customers. Charges for services provided 23 percent of total program revenues in 2009-10, a decrease over the prior year by 8 percent. The decrease was due mainly to lower revenues in permit renewals and fines.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2010

(Unaudited)

Revenues

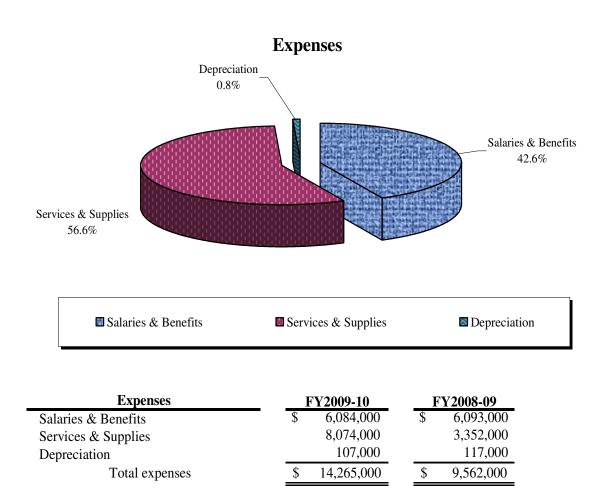


Operating Grants and Contributions	FY 2009-2010		FY 2008-2009		
DMV fees	\$	2,818,000	\$	2,813,000	
State Subvention		199,000		199,000	
Federal Grants		3,848,000		1,359,000	
Pass-through grants		4,504,000		2,495,000	
Total	\$	11,369,000	\$	6,866,000	
Charges for Services	F	Y 2009-2010	FY	2008-2009	
Licenses, permits, and franchises	\$	2,974,000	\$	3,108,000	
Charges for current services		38,000		47,000	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		342,000		451,000	
Other revenues		<u>-</u>		33,000	
Total	\$	3,354,000	\$	3,639,000	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2010

(Unaudited)

All of the expenses of the District were for air pollution control services at a total of \$14,265,000, an increase of 49 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. The increase was due mainly to the pass-through grant projects of the School Bus Program of \$3,600,000 and increased Carl Moyer Program projects of \$1,300,000. The graph and table below provide District expenses by object level.



Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

At June 30, 2010, the District's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$9,254,000, an increase of \$617,000 from the prior year.

The General Fund is the operating fund of the District, and as a single-purpose entity, is the only fund reported. The General Fund has an unreserved fund balance of \$6,565,000 and is designated for future uses. The designated amount represents the District's intended use of the financial resources in the next fiscal year such as fixed asset acquisition and replacement, emission reduction motor vehicle projects, fee stabilization,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2010

(Unaudited)

and future year financing needs. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unreserved, fund balance, and total fund balance to the total General Fund expenditures. The unreserved fund balance is \$6,565,000, which represents 46 percent of total expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2010, while the total fund balance represents 65 percent of that same total.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original Budget Compared to Final Budget, June 30, 2010

Appropriation for the General Fund final budget compared to the original budget reflects an increase in appropriations of \$3,890,000. The changes to the budget were the result of Air Pollution Control Board actions that allocated additional funding after the budget was adopted. The largest change to the budget of approximately \$3,856,000 was attributable to higher estimates in services and supplies related to the various pass-through grant programs, particularly the Carl Moyer Program and the School Bus Program.

Estimated revenues for the General Fund final budget exceeded the original budget by \$3,601,000. Aid from other governmental units increased as a result of the corresponding funding for the various pass-through grants above.

Final Budget to Actual Expenditures and Revenues, June 30, 2010

The final budget appropriations exceeded actual expenditures by \$4,069,000, while the final budget estimated revenues exceeded actual revenues by \$2,853,000. The resulting combined positive budgetary variance was \$1,216,000. The largest revenue shortfall was \$2,959,000, aid from other governmental units, due to pass-through grant projects that were allocated funding but were not completed at fiscal year end and were carried over to the new fiscal year. The largest expenditure savings was \$3,459,000 in services and supplies due mainly to the corresponding pass-thru grant projects above. Salary savings of \$204,000 resulted from the deferral of salary/pay increase and cost of living adjustment.

Budgetary information is included in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section.

Capital Assets

The investment in capital assets is entirely for its governmental activities. The book value was \$286,000 (net of accumulated depreciation of \$970,000) as of June 30, 2010. This investment in capital assets includes the following equipment: laboratory equipment, air monitoring stations, computer, and software. For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year. Governmental fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures. The increase in capital assets reflects the replacement of aging monitoring computer and laboratory equipment.

Beginning in Fiscal Year 2009-10, the district has implemented GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Asset. GASB 51 establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for intangible assets. The new standard characterizes an intangible asset as an asset that lacks physical substance, is nonfinancial in nature, and has an initial useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Generally, GASB 51 requires the capitalization of intangible assets such as: patents, copyrights, trademarks, easements and local use rights, computer software - purchased or licensed, or internally generated, etc. The Statement requires that an intangible asset be recognized in the statement of net

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2010

(Unaudited)

assets only if it is considered identifiable. For Fiscal Year 2009-10, this statement did not have a material effect on the district's financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The fiscal year 2010-11 adopted budget (without pass-through grants) totals \$8,134,880 a 3 percent increase when compared to the fiscal year 2009-10 adopted budget. The increase is largely due to the replacement of District's computers and an increase in capital spending. Salaries and employee benefits appropriations increased by \$40,310. This is the result of the proposed internal staff promotions and salary adjustment. The increase would have been higher but was offset by the decrease in retirement costs due to the 3 percent reduction in District's retirement pick-up. The adopted budget was structurally balanced using projected ongoing available financing sources. Year-end fund balance is not considered an ongoing financing source but is used to absorb any operating net cost, finance reserve, designation adjustments, and one-time expenditures.

The fiscal year 2010-11 adopted budget as compared to prior year actual expenditures includes an overall increase of 4% in salaries and benefits. This is due mainly to the proposed internal staff promotions and salary adjustment. Adopted budget for services and supplies (without pass-through grants) in fiscal year 2010-11 is 24 percent higher as compared to prior year actual expenditures. This is due mainly to the increases in Computer Parts and Services, Other Professional Services, Other Equipment Maintenance, and Advertising & Marketing.

The District's fund balance has increased as a result of continued increases in revenue and decreases in expenditures in fiscal years 2008 to 2010. However, fiscal year 2010-2011 adopted budget shows that expenditures will exceed revenues. If the current economic situation continues, revenue from permits may likely decrease due to business closures, along with the possibility of federal grants remaining flat, if not reduced. Furthermore, a potential increase in retirement costs in the coming fiscal years, as well as any increase from bargaining agreements and/or cost of living adjustments for management, will contribute to reducing the fund balance. To mitigate decrease in the fund balance, District staff continues to explore all potential revenue and cost-cutting measures.

Request for Information

This financial information is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for readers of the financial statements. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Fiscal and Administrative Services Manager, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, 669 County Square Drive, 2nd Floor, Ventura CA 93003.

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

(In thousands)

		otal ent Activities
Assets:	Governme	ent Activities
Cash & investments	\$	14,589
Accounts receivable	Ψ	269
Due from the County of Ventura		45
Capital assets:		
Depreciable, net		286
		1.7.100
Total assets		15,189
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		89
Accrued liabilities		66
Due to the County of Ventura		29
Deferred revenue		5,465
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year		363
Due in more than one year		358
Total liabilities		6,370
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets		286
Unrestricted		8,533
Total net assets	\$	8,819

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

(In thousands)

			Program	revenues	Net (expen revenue a changes i	nd
	_	Expenses	Charges for services	Operating grants and contributions	net asset Governmen activities	ntal
Function/program activities:						
Governmental activities:						
Public protection	\$_	14,265	3,354	11,369	4	58
Total governmental activities	_	14,265	3,354	11,369	4	58
General revenues:						
Interest earnings						34
Total general revenues						34
Changes in net assets					4	92
Net assets, beginning of year					8,3	27
Net assets, end of year					\$8,8	19

Balance Sheet

Governmental Fund

June 30, 2010

(In thousands)

Assets		General Fund
Cash and investments	\$	14,589
Accounts receivable	Ψ	269
Due from the County of Ventura		45
Total assets	\$	14,903
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	89
Accrued liabilities		66
Due to the County of Ventura		29
Deferred revenue	<u></u>	5,465
Total liabilities		5,649
Fund balance		
Reserved for:		
General reserve		100
Encumbrances		2,589
Unreserved:		
Designated	_	6,565
Total fund balance		9,254
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	14,903

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of

Governmental Fund to Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

(In thousands)

Fund Balance - total governmental fund (page 23)	\$ 9,254
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	286
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period,	
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Compensated absences	 (721)
Net assets of governmental activities (page 21)	\$ 8,819

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Fund

Year ended June 30, 2010

(In thousands)

		General Fund
Revenues:		
Aid from other governmental units	\$	11,369
Licenses, permits, and franchises		2,974
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		342
Use of money and property		34
Charges for current services		38
Total revenues	_	14,757
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Public protection		14,097
Capital outlay		43
Total expenditures		14,140
Excess/(Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		617
Fund balance, beginning of year		8,637
Fund balance, end of year	\$	9,254

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2010

Net changes in fund balance - total governmental fund (page 25)		\$ 617
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
activities are different because:		
The Governmental fund report capital outlay and other capital		
projects as expenditures. However, in the statement of		
activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their		
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for capital assets	42	
Less: Current year depreciation	107	(65)
Long-term compensated absences is reported in the Government-		
wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, but		
it does not require the use of current financial resources.		
Therefore, it is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(47)
Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets		(13)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 22)		\$ 492

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2010

(1) The Financial Reporting Entity

Reporting Entity

The Ventura County Air Pollution Control District (the District) was formed by the Ventura County (the County) Board of Supervisors in 1968 in response to the County's first air pollution study that identified Ventura County as having a severe air quality problem. The District's 10-member Board includes five representatives from the County Board of Supervisors and five representatives from the cities of Camarillo, Oxnard, San Buenaventura, Port Hueneme, and Simi Valley.

Division 26 of the California Health and Safety Code establishes the District's structure, operating procedures, and authority. The District shares responsibility with the California Air Resources Board for ensuring that all state and federal air quality standards are achieved and maintained within Ventura County. The District's jurisdiction is limited principally to policing non-vehicular sources of air pollution within the County of Ventura, primarily industry pollution. Any company wishing to build or modify a facility in Ventura County must first obtain a permit from the District to ensure that the facility complies with all applicable rules.

The District accounts for its financial position and results of operations in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the primary standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these basic financial statements present the District as the primary government entity for which it is considered to be financially accountable.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2006, provides guidance for state and local governments on the accounting and reporting of postemployment healthcare and other nonpension benefits and required disclosures. This statement requires the employer to recognize the cost of benefits in the periods when the related services are received and to provide certain plan information, such as the funding policy, the actuarial valuation process and assumptions, and, for certain employers, the extent to which the plan has been funded. For most employers, annual OPEB cost will be based on actuarial valuations. The District implemented the new requirements for the fiscal year 2009-10 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2009, requires that intangible assets be classified as capital assets. The District implemented the new requirements for the fiscal year 2009-10 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2009, requires governments to measure derivative instruments, with the exception of synthetic guaranteed investment contracts that are fully benefit-responsive, at fair value in their economic resources measurement focus financial statements. This statement is effective for fiscal year 2009-10. The new requirements are not applicable to the District.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2010

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2010, enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. The District intends to implement the new requirements for the fiscal year 2010-11 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans*, effective immediately for the provisions related to the use and reporting of the alternative measurement method, and effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2011, for the provisions related to the frequency and timing of measurements for actuarial valuations first used to report funded status information in OPEB plan financial statements. This statement addresses issues related to the use of the alternative measurement method and the frequency and timing of the measurements by employers that participate in agent multiple-employer other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans. The new requirements are not applicable to the District.

GASB Statement No. 58, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2009, provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. The new requirements are not applicable to the District.

GASB Statement No. 59, *Financial Instruments Omnibus*, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2010, updates and improves existing standards regarding financial reporting and disclosure requirements of certain financial instruments and external investments pools. This statement has no material effect on the financial statements.

(b) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The District's government-wide financial statements include a statement of net assets and statement of activities.

Statement of Net Assets

The government-wide statement of net assets utilizes a net asset presentation. This reports what the District owns or controls (assets), what it owes (liabilities), and what is leftover after assets have been used to satisfy liabilities (net assets). The net assets are categorized as invested in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- (1) *Invested in Capital Assets* This category groups all capital assets into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation reduces the balance in this category.
- (2) Restricted Net Assets This category represents assets subject to external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations and other governmental restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions.
- (3) *Unrestricted Net Assets* These are the resources that do not fall into invested in capital assets or restricted net assets. They can be used for any purposes, though they are not necessarily liquid.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2010

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements rather than reporting them as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are also recorded in the government-wide financial statements as a liability rather than as a financial source. The only reported long-term indebtedness is the District's compensated absences liability.

Statement of Activities

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. In the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful life as depreciation expense. Additionally, the statement of activities for the District presents its governmental activities, its sole purpose.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on the governmental funds. The General Fund, considered a major governmental fund, is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for the legally authorized activities of the District and is the only fund of the District. The District is a special-purpose government engaged in a single governmental program and is presented, accordingly, in the basic financial statements.

The District follows the measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Measurement focus determines the accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the governmental fund balance sheet.

Operating statements of governmental fund types present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All governmental fund types are accounted for using the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" is defined as an amount that can be determined. "Available" is defined as collectible in the current period or 6 months following the end of the fiscal year.

Revenues that are considered susceptible to accrual include federal and state grants, interest, and charges for current services. Unbilled receivable items are included in accounts receivable. Revenues that are not considered susceptible to accrual include certain licenses, permits, fines, forfeitures, DMV registration fees and penalties. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified-accrual basis of accounting when the fund liability is incurred, except payments on compensated absences, which are recognized when matured.

(c) External Investment Trust

The District's cash and investments are included in the external investment trust fund of the County Treasurer's investment pool is defined as internal and external investment pools in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. The external investment pool commingles the moneys of more than one legally separate entity, not part of the sponsor's reporting entity, and invests on the participants' behalf in an investment portfolio.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2010

The external investment pool includes both voluntary and involuntary participants for whom the County Treasurer holds cash and investments. Legal provisions require certain special districts to participate in the County Treasurer's investment pool, including public school districts, cemetery districts, recreation, park districts, and the Air Pollution Control District. Voluntary participants include the consolidated courts.

(d) Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Acquisitions of equipment are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types at the time of purchase.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. They are capitalized and depreciated on the government-wide statements; however, in the fund financial statements, the depreciation is not charged to expenditures. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight line method.

The capitalization level for equipment is \$5,000 and estimated useful lives range from 2 to 20 years.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are not capitalized. Betterments or major improvements that add to the value of the assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, if applicable. The cost and related accumulated depreciation from a retired or sold capital asset is removed from the respective accounts and any loss or gain is included in the results of operations.

(e) Compensated Absences (Accrued Vacation, Sick Leave, and Compensatory Time)

District policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick pay, and compensatory time. A liability for all vacation pay and compensated absences and 25 percent of unused accumulated sick leave for those employees with at least ten years of service is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB Interpretation No. 6, a liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds financial statements only if they have matured as a result of employee resignations and retirements prior to year-end and are paid by the District from current available resources.

(f) Deferred Revenues

Deferred Revenues are advanced funds from the Carl Moyer Program, DMV AB923 Program, School Bus Program, Reliant Energy Mandalay, LLC-mitigation fees, and Clean Air Fund. The Reliant Energy Mandalay, LLC-mitigation fees are used as matching funds for state funded programs. The Carl Moyer, School Bus, and DMV AB923 funds are awarded by the California Air Resource Board as pass-through grants.

(g) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the District's basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2010

(3) Fund Balance

The District's fund balance is categorized as reserved and unreserved. Reserved fund balance is not available for current spending, either legally restricted, has external restrictions, or approved by the District Board. Unreserved fund balance is subdivided into designated and undesignated portions. The designated portion is available for appropriations in the subsequent year's budget and represents management's intended future use of resources. The undesignated portion is available for current fiscal year appropriations and has not been designated by management for specific purpose. The District's unreserved portion of the fund balance is designated for specific purpose and approved by the District Board. The reserved and unreserved portions of the District's fund balance at June 30, 2010, are as follows:

		General Fund	
Reserved: Encumbrances General Reserve		\$	2,589,000 100,000
Unreserved:			
Designations:			
Litigation	\$ 300,000		
Fixed Asset Acquisition	200,000		
Motor Vehicle Projects	100,000		
Fee Stabilization	5,965,000		6,565,000
Total Fund Balance		\$	9,254,000

(4) Cash and Investments

The District participates in the County Treasurer's cash and investment pool. The District's total cash and investment at June 30, 2010, was \$14,589,000. Of the total amount, \$2,542,000 was restricted for payments of pass-through grants.

Per GASB 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investment and for External Pools, the District's investments were reported at fair market value of June 30, 2010. Calculations of the fair value at fiscal year-end were based on market values provided by the County's investment custodian. The net change in fair value from June 30, 2009 to June 30, 2010, was an increase of approximately \$57,000.

Applicable disclosures to the County Treasurer's Cash and Investment pool, are provided in Ventura County's Fiscal Year 2010 Comprehensive Financial Statement.

Investment Policy Statement

The County pool invests the District's funds in accordance with State statutes and the County's investment policy. The District has adopted the Investment Policy Statement (IPS) of the County, which complies with the requirements of California Government Code, and serves as the basis for the type of investments, maturity limit, credit rating, and diversification of securities comprising the Investment Pool. The objectives of the IPS are safety of principal, maintenance of liquidity, and earning a competitive rate of return.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2010

Investments permitted by the IPS include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, or commercial paper rated A-1 or better by Standard and Poor's Corporation (S&P) or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, bankers' acceptances, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, corporate notes, negotiable certificates of deposits, obligations of the State of California, and obligations of any local agency within.

(5) Capital Assets

Changes in the capital assets by asset type during the year ended June 30, 2010, are as follows (in thousands):

	Balance June 30, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2010
Equipment \$ Less accumulated depreciation	1,508 (1,144)	42 (107)	(294) 281	1,256 (970)
Total \$	364	(65)	(13)	286

Depreciation expense is charged to the public protection function in the Statement of Activities.

(6) Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund financial statement but only in the government-wide financial statements.

The following schedule represents changes in the long-term liabilities relating to compensated absences during the year ended June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

	_	Balance June 30, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2010	Due within one year
Employee compensated absences	\$_	674	343	296	721	363

Liabilities for vacation and vested sick leave benefits, as required by GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, are recorded when benefits are earned. In accordance with GASB Interpretation No. 6, a liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds financial statements only if they have matured as a result of employee resignations and retirements prior to year end and are paid by the District from current available resources.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2010

(7) Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the County's Risk Management pool and pays an annual premium to the County for such coverage. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the District paid premiums of \$46,210 to the County.

The County's Risk Management department administers the commercial and self-insurance aspects of the County's risk programs. The County is self-insured for general liability up to \$500,000 per occurrence, thereafter covered by excess commercial liability insurance to \$20 million per occurrence, then self-insured to an unlimited amount. Workers' compensation occurrences are self-insured effective July 1, 2005, with coverage to all employees.

(8) Commitments and Contingencies

District management is not aware of any outstanding claims or litigation. However, \$300,000 of the District's fund balance is designated and approved by the District Board for unforeseen litigation. (see note 3 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements).

The District participates in a number of state and federal assisted programs. Although the District's grant programs have been audited through June 30, 2010, in accordance with the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act of 1997 and the related U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133, these programs may be subject to financial and compliance audits by the reimbursing agencies. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The district has entered into a lease agreement with the County of Ventura. This is for the 20,971 square feet of office space it occupies at 669 County Square Drive. The agreement is for a five year term, from July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2014, with an option for the District to terminate with 90 days written notice after July 1, 2011. The rent is for \$36,699 per month (\$440,388 per year) for the first two years with 3 percent annual increases thereafter. Total office rental expenditure for FY 2009-10 was \$440,388. There are no future minimum obligations under this agreement.

The District leases various monitoring sites under operating leases. Annual rental expense for the operating leases was \$750 for the year ended June 30, 2010. Future obligations under these agreements total \$450 for the year ended June 30, 2011, and \$450 for the year ended June 30, 2012.

The District has entered into various board approved contracts, which have outstanding balances totaling \$2,588,226 as of June 30, 2010. Majority of these contracts involve pass-through grants for the Carl Moyer, School Bus and DMV AB923 programs.

(9) Pension

VCERA PLAN

Plan Description: The District participates in a contributory defined benefit plan (Plan) which is administered by the Ventura County Employees Retirement Association (VCERA). The plan was established pursuant to Government Code Sections 31450 through 31899 and administered by the VCERA. VCERA operates a cost-sharing, multiple-employer system with substantially all member employers included in the County's primary government reporting entity. Covered employees include those from Courts, Air Pollution

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2010

Control District, and other smaller special districts. Membership in the VCERA is mandatory for substantially all employees.

VCERA is governed by the Board of Retirement. The Plan's benefit provisions and contribution requirements are established by state law and resolutions and ordinances adopted by the Board of Retirement and Board of Supervisors. VCERA issues a stand-alone financial report. A copy of this report can be obtained by contacting the Retirement Association at 1190 South Victoria Avenue, Suite 200, Ventura, California, 93003.

Plan members are classified as either General or Safety categories. General members employed prior to or on June 29, 1979, and certain other employees before June 30, 2002, are designated as Tier I members. General members employed after June 29, 1979, are designated as Tier II members. All Safety members are classified as Tier I regardless of date of hire. The District does not have any safety members.

Retirement Benefits: A General or Safety member with 10 or more years of County service is entitled to an annual retirement allowance beginning at age 50. General members with 30 or more years of service and Safety members with 20 or more years of service may begin receiving a retirement allowance regardless of age. The basic retirement allowance is based upon the member's age, years of retirement service credit, and final average compensation.

Employees terminating before accruing five years of retirement service credit (five-year vesting) forfeit the right to receive retirement benefits unless they establish reciprocity with another public agency within the prescribed time period. Non-vested employees who terminate service are entitled to withdraw their accumulated contributions plus accrued interest. Employees who terminate service after earning five years of retirement service credit may leave their contributions on deposit and elect to take a deferred retirement.

In addition, certain death, disability, and supplemental benefits are provided to eligible employees. Cost of living adjustments of up to three percent per annum are made for all Tier 1 employees.

Actuarially Determined Contribution Requirements: The funding policy provides for periodic employer and employee contributions at actuarially determined rates, expressed as level percentages of annual covered payroll, that are sufficient to accumulate the required assets to pay benefits when due. The smoothing of market value method is used to determine the actuarial value of assets. In accordance with various employee collective bargaining agreements, the District subsidizes the employees' regular contributions in various amounts, depending on the classification of the employee. Contribution rates for employees range from 5.57 percent to 12.10 percent of covered payroll. Contribution rates are determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, normal cost is the level amount that would fund the projected benefit if it was paid annually from the date of employment until retirement.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2010

Employee and employer contribution rates in effect during fiscal year 2009-10 were based on the actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2008. The significant actuarial assumptions in the June 30, 2008, actuarial valuation are summarized as follows:

		<u>Assumptions</u>
(1)	Rate of return on investment	8.00 %
(2)	Projected salary increases	5.00
	Amount attributable to inflation	3.75
	Amount attributable to seniority and merit	0.75
	Amount attributable to real "across the board"	0.50
(3)	Annual cost of living increases after	
	retirement (Tier I and Safety members - contingent upon	0.00-3.00
	CPI increases, 3% maximum. Tier 2 SEIU members -	
	fixed 2% not subject to CPI increases, for service	
	after March 2003.)	

Contributions and Transfers Made: The District's actuarially determined employer contributions of \$1,329,257 were made in FY 2007-08, \$1,231,936 in FY 2008-09, and \$1,154,060 in FY 2009-10. These contributions represent 100 percent of the annual pension cost required for fiscal years 2008, 2009, and 2010.

Management Retiree Health Payment

Plan Description: The District participates in the Management Retiree Health Benefits Program (MRHBP), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan administered by the County of Ventura. The MRHBP was established by the Ventura County Board of Supervisors on June 8, 1999. On June 21, 2005, the Board of Supervisors approved the elimination of this benefit for employees hired after July 2, 2005.

Employees who retired after July 1, 1999, became eligible to receive one year of payments for five years of service, up to a maximum of five years of coverage. Payments of approximately \$581 per month were equivalent to premiums for the Ventura County Health Care Plan. The payments do not constitute any guarantee of medical care benefits.

Additional details actuarial assumptions, funded status and required supplementary information for the MRHBP are provided in Ventura County's Fiscal Year 2010 Comprehensive Financial Statement.

Funding Policy: The MRHBP is currently funded on the pay-as-you-go basis. Annual required contributions are determined by the County of Ventura.

Contributions and Transfers Made: The District's required contributions, as determined by the County of Ventura, were \$24,873 in FY 2007-08 and \$22,600 in FY 2008-09, and \$11,923 in FY 2009-10. These contributions represent 100 percent of the annual non-pension cost required for fiscal years 2008, 2009, and 2010.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2010

(10) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Subsidized Retiree Health Benefits Program

Plan Description: The district participates in the Subsidized Retiree Health Benefits Program (Program), a defined benefit plan administered by the County of Ventura. Due to the relative insignificance of the non-County employers participating in the plan, the County has established the Program as a single-employer benefit retiree medical plan. Eligible employees (age 50 with 10 years of County Service) who retire from the County may receive health benefits at subsidized rates. For coverage prior to age 65, the retiree pays premiums that are developed by blending active and retiree costs. Since retirees are older and generally cost more to insure than active employees, the premium paid by the retiree is less than the "true cost" of coverage for retirees thus creating an implicit subsidy. This implicit subsidy is considered an obligation under GASB 45. The plan is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The County has made no commitments to maintain this program and retirees' participation in the program is approved on a year-to-year basis by the Board. Retiree Health Benefits are not vested and may be modified or eliminated at anytime. A separate financial statement is not issued for the plan.

The financial statements and required supplementary information of the Plan are included in the County of Ventura's fiscal year 2009-2010 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). That report may be obtained by contacting the County of Ventura, Auditor Controller, 800 South Victoria Avenue, Ventura CA 93009.

Funding Policy: The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are those established for the County of Ventura and may be amended by the County Board of Supervisors. The County currently funds postemployment health benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the fiscal year ended, June 30, 2010, the District's portion was reported as part of County of Ventura's obligation in fiscal year 2009-2010.

For additional details, actuarial assumptions, funded status of the plan and required supplementary information, refer to the Ventura County's CAFR.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2010

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

		Budgeted a	nmounts	Actual	Variance with final budget – positive
		Original	Final	amounts	(negative)
Revenues:					
Aid from other governments units	\$	10,727	14,328	11,369	(2,959)
Licenses and permits		2,952	2,952	2,974	22
Fines and forfeitures		107	107	342	235
Use of money and property		185	185	34	(151)
Charges for current services	_	38	38	38	0
Total revenues		14,009	17,610	14,757	(2,853)
Expenditures: Current – public protection:					
Salaries and benefits		6,227	6,227	6,023	204
Services and supplies		7,677	11,533	8,074	3,459
Contingencies	_	300	300		300
Total public protection		14,204	18,060	14,097	3,963
Capital outlay		115	149	43	106
Total expenditures	_	14,319	18,209	14,140	4,069
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures		(310)	(599)	617	1,216
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	8,637	8,637	8,637	0
Fund balance, end of year	\$	8,327	8,038	9,254	1,216

See notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2010

(Unaudited)

Budgetary Information

The Air Pollution Control Board (District Board) is legally required to adopt a final annual budget as set forth in Section 40130 et. seq. of the Health & Safety Code. The District adheres to the provisions of the applicable sections of the California Government Code concerning budgetary matters, commonly known as the County Budget Act. Annually, the District Board conducts two public hearings to hear public comments of the proposed budget prior to adoption. At the conclusion of the hearing, and no later than August 30, the District Board adopts the final budget, including revisions by resolution.

The Air Pollution Control Officer is authorized to transfer appropriations between object levels within the Air Pollution Control District's budget unit, as provided in Government Code Section 29125. The adopted budget is revised by the District Board during the fiscal year to give consideration to unanticipated or anticipated revenues and expenditures, but in excess of estimates thereof. The final revised budget is presented in the accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance.

Legal Level of Budgetary Control

The legal level for budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department/budget unit and object level except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. Object level expenditures are as follows: Salaries and benefits, services and supplies, other charges, fixed assets, other financing uses, and contingencies. Sub-object levels of expenditures for fixed assets are air monitoring and office equipment. Expenditures are classified as public protection and capital outlay.

Encumbrances

All unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year and become available for the financing of next year's budget. Encumbered appropriations are re-appropriated in the next year's budget. Purchases and other significant commitments are recorded in governmental fund types as encumbrances when purchase orders or contracts are issued. These encumbrances represent a reservation of fund balance. When the related goods or services are received, the encumbrance is reversed and an expenditure and liability for payment to the vendor are recorded.

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Supplementary Financial Information

California Air Resources Board – State Subvention Funds

Revenue Detail

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

(In thousands)

	Budgeted	Financial	Actual
D 0	Revenue	<u>Report</u>	Revenue
Revenue Sources			
Local Sources:			
Fees & Permits:			
Operating Permits	\$382	\$383	\$383
Variance/Hearing Board	9	20	20
Engineering (Permit Renewals/AtoC)	2,214	2,191	2,191
Agricultural Engine Registration	60	59	59
Portable Engine Registration Program	25	33	33
AB 2766/DMV Surcharge	2,835	2,818	2,818
AB 2588/Hot Spots	20	22	22
Source Tests	200	228	228
Asbestos	18	21	21
Title V Certification	24	17	17
Fines	107	342	342
Interest	185	162	34 [1]
Other:			
Misc. Revenue	0	0	0
Charges for Services	38	38	38
Subtotal	\$6,117	\$6,334	\$6,206
State Sources:			
Subvention	200	199	199
Other Sources non-matching:			
Federal Grants	1,267	1,277	3,848
Carl Moyer Grant Program	2,669	2,616	2,616
School Bus Program	3,226	3,412	818
Lawn Mower Program	22	92	94
Tillage Program	0	0	0
Reliant	-	28	28
DMV AB 923	433	927	948
Other Grants	75	0	0
Total Revenue	\$14,009	\$14,885	\$14,757

^[1] Adjusted to properly state cash and investments at its fair market value @ 6/30/2010.

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL NARRATIVE

(Unaudited)

This part of the District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	43
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	47
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's revenue sources.	
Economic and Demographic Information	51
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to assist the reader in understanding the environment within which the District's financial activities take place	
Operating Information	54
These schedules contain information about the county's operations and resources	
to help the reader understand how the District's financial information relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year. The District implemented Statement 34 in 2004; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year. Also, some schedules contained here are presented with fiscal year 2009-10 information only. Relevant historical data are unavailable.

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

Net Assets by Component – Last Five Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	20	005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10		
Governmental Activities:								
Invested in capital assets	\$	493	\$ 433	\$ 447	\$ 364	\$	286	
Restricted		393	-	-	-		-	
Unrestricted		5,698	5,644	6,619	7,963		8,533	
Total governmental activities net assets		6,584	\$ 6,077	\$ 7,066	\$ 8,327	\$	8,819	

Changes in Net Assets – Last Five Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In thousands) (Unaudited)

		2005-06	2	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
Governmental Activities							
Expenses:							
Public Protection	\$	10,002	\$	10,173	\$ 11,444	\$ 9,562	\$ 14,265
Program revenues:							
Charge for services		3,373		3,163	3,566	3,639	3,354
Operating grants and contributions		5,845		6,132	8,506	6,866	11,369
Total program revenues		9,218		9,295	12,072	10,505	14,723
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$	(784)	\$	(878)	\$ 628	\$ 943	\$ 458
General revenues:							
Investment earnings		218		371	361	318	34
Change in Net Assets - Governmental Activities	\$	(566)	\$	(507)	\$ 989	\$ 1,261	\$ 492

Fund Balance – Last Five Fiscal Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

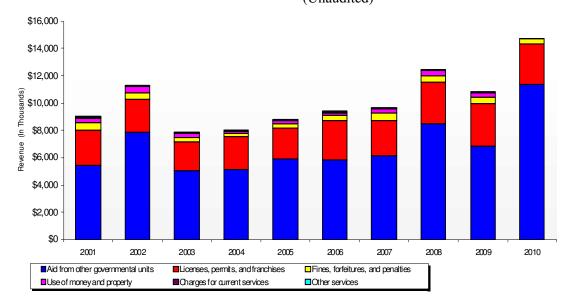
	 2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
Fund Balances:					
Reserved:					
General reserve	\$ 100 \$	100 \$	100 \$	100 \$	100
Reserved for pass-through grants	393	-	-	-	-
Reserved for encumbrances	 3,208	2,549	1,957	4,571	2,589
Total reserved	 3,701	2,649	2,057	4,671	2,689
Unreserved:					
Designated	 3,067	3,630	5,241	3,966	6,565
Total unreserved	3,067	3,630	5,241	3,966	6,565
Total Fund Balance	\$ 6,768 \$	6,279 \$	7,298 \$	8,637 \$	9,254

Changes in Fund Balance–Governmental Funds Last Five Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In thousands)

(Unaudited)

		Fiscal	Year		
	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
Revenues:					
Aid from other governmental units	\$ 5,845 \$	6,132 \$	8,506 \$	6,866 \$	11,369
Licenses, permits, and franchises	2,905	2,602	3,039	3,108	2,974
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	327	492	452	451	342
Use of money and property	218	371	361	318	34
Charges for current services	40	52	49	47	38
Other revenue	101	17	26	33	
Total revenues	 9,436	9,666	12,433	10,823	14,757
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public protection	9,851	10,105	11,280	9,450	14,097
Capital outlay	 83	50	134	34	43
Total expenditures	 9,934	10,155	11,414	9,484	14,140
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (498) \$	(489) \$	1,019 \$	1,339 \$	617

Total Revenue Sources – Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (Unaudited)



Aid from

	other			censes,		Fines, Use of				arges	_	-	_		
Year	gove	ernmental	pen	nits, and	torte	eitures,	mor	ey and	for c	current	O	ther	Total		
Ended		units	franchises		and penalties		pro	property services			ser	vices	revenues		
2001	\$	5,409	\$	2,608	\$	544	\$	338	\$	17	\$	79	\$	8,995	
2002		7,835		2,409		480		494		14		84		11,316	
2003		5,064		2,070		339		311		61		2		7,847	
2004		5,107		2,440		252		155		56		32		8,042	
2005		5,919		2,216		359		197		42		45		8,778	
2006		5,845		2,905		327		218		40		101		9,436	
2007		6,132		2,602		492		371		52		17		9,666	
2008		8,506		3,039		452		361		49		26		12,433	
2009	6,866 3,108			451	318		47		33			10,823			
2010	11,369 2,974			342		34		38		-	14,757				
		(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)		(6)			

- (1) Subvention, DMV fees, 105 & 103 Federal Grant, and Pass-Through Grants
- (2) Permit, Emission, Variance, Rule 47, Title V, Asbestos, and Air Toxics Fees
- (3) Fines and Penalties
- (4) Interest Earnings
- (5) Land Use-EIR and Outside Contracts
- (6) Internal Service Fund (ISF) Credits/Refunds, Cost Allocation Plan (A-87) Credit, and Other Mscellaneous Pevenues

Local Revenue Sources – Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

																	Ag	ricultural		(1)		
Year													,	4ir			Pe	ermits&		ERP	T	otal Local
Ended	Permits Emission Rul		<u>Rule 47</u>		le V	Asbestos			<u>DMV</u>	Toxics		Variance		Renewals		Fees		Revenues				
2001	\$	428	\$ 1	,909	\$	116	\$	14	\$	17	\$	2,273	\$	73	\$	51	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,881
2002		337	1	,898,		80		24		17		2,591		41		12		-		-		5,000
2003		380	1,	,475		110		15		17		2,665		58		16		-		-		4,735
2004		409	1	,834		103		21		25		2,707		32		16		-		-		5,147
2005		610	1,	,381		133		25		24		2,799		35		9		-		-		5,016
2006		548	2	2,103		171		25		20		2,848		29		8		-		-		5,752
2007		475	1,	,841		208		19		13		2,809		29		18		-		-		5,412
2008		477	2	2,206		207		25		27		2,853		24		4		46		23		5,892
2009		471	2	2,198		251		18		17		2,813		23		14		56		60		5,921
2010		383	2	2,191		228		17		21		2,818		22		20		59		33		5,792

[1] Portable Engine Registration Program (PERP)

Source: Ventura County Air Pollution Control District Accounting Records

Top Ten Payers of Emission Fees

Fiscal Year 2009-10

(Unaudited)

Company Name	Em	ission Fees	Rank	Percentage of Total Emission Fees
RRI Energy*	\$	306,696	1	14.0%
Venoco, Inc.*		202,071	2	9.2%
Aera Energy LLC		118,227	3	5.4%
Occidental Petroleum Corporation*		94,320	4	4.3%
DCOR, LLC*		91,032	5	4.1%
Naval Base Ventura County		75,283	6	3.4%
Procter & Gamble Paper Prods.		43,469	7	2.0%
County of Ventura *		41,611	8	1.9%
Seneca Resources Corporation		38,311	9	1.7%
International Paper		21,489	10	1.0%
Total Paid by Largest Payers for emission fees	\$	1,032,508		47.0%
Total Emission Fees Paid By All Emitters	\$	2,197,620		

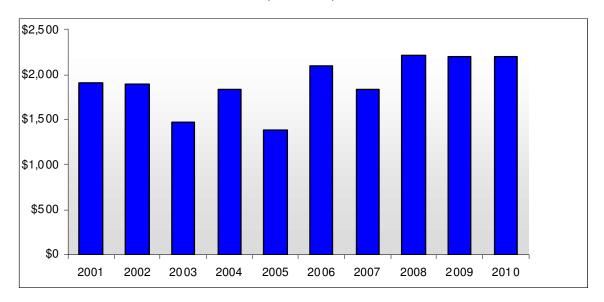
^{*} Located at separate sites

Source: Ventura County Air Pollution Control District Accounting Records

Total Emission Fees – Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In thousands)

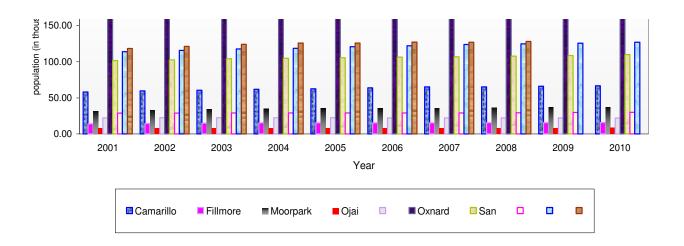
(Unaudited)



Emission Fees 1,909 2001 \$ 2002 1,898 2003 1,475 2004 1,834 2005 1,381 2006 2,103 2007 1,841 2008 2,206 2009 2,198 2010 2,191

Source: Ventura County Air Pollution Control District Accounting Records

Ventura County Population (by Cities) – Last Ten Years
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)



							San					
						Port	Buena-	Santa	Simi	Thousand	Total	
<u>Year</u>	<u>Camarillo</u>	<u>Fillmore</u>	<u>Moorpark</u>	<u>Ojai</u>	<u>Oxnard</u>	<u>Hueneme</u>	<u>Ventura</u>	<u>Paula</u>	<u>Valley</u>	<u>Oaks</u>	Incorporated	
2001	58.10	13.85	31.85	7.91	174.62	22.29	101.59	28.75	113.92	118.53	671.41	(1)
2002	59.44	14.44	33.12	7.93	178.77	22.56	102.62	28.81	115.84	121.30	684.83	(1)
2003	60.61	14.69	34.52	7.99	181.73	22.50	104.24	28.96	117.65	124.00	696.89	(1)
2004	61.76	15.11	34.75	8.08	185.87	22.40	104.88	29.08	118.63	126.00	706.56	(1)
2005	62.46	15.13	35.60	8.10	187.71	22.57	105.46	29.10	120.69	126.00	712.82	(1)
2006	63.89	15.13	35.67	8.13	189.29	22.33	106.32	29.02	122.25	127.17	719.20	(1)
2007	65.21	15.16	35.93	8.08	191.83	22.22	106.85	29.05	123.77	126.94	725.04	(1)
2008	65.12	15.54	36.62	8.11	193.89	22.09	107.71	29.39	125.00	127.98	731.45	(1)
2009	66.08	15.62	37.05	8.15	196.89	22.15	108.69	29.69	125.70	128.44	738.46	(1)
2010	66.69	15.79	37.57	8.23	200.00	21.89	109.95	30.05	126.90	130.21	747.28	(1)

⁽¹⁾ Population estimates for Cities 2001-2010 based on 2000 DRU Benchmark

Source: http://www.dof.ca.gov/research/demographic/reports/estimates/e-1/2009-10/

Ventura County Economic and Demographic Statistics

Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

<u>Y</u> ear	Population	(a) _	Personal Income (in millions)	(c)	Per Capita Personal Incor	me (f)	Unemployment Rate	(h)
2001	765,532		\$ 26,624.0		\$ 34,78	89	4.8%	
2002	779,674		27,345.0		35,21	13	5.8%	
2003	792,729		29,068.0		37,08	34	5.8%	
2004	802,482		31,334.0		39,77	76	5.4%	
2005	809,286		33,151.0		42,17	73	4.8%	
2006	814,914		35,706.0		45,30)8	4.3%	
2007	820,550		37,192.0		47,09	98	4.9%	
2008	827,267		37,185.0		46,78	37	6.2%	
2009	836,080		33,800.0	(d)	40,42	27 (g)	10.0%	
2010	844,713	(b)	36,000.0	(e)	42,61	8 (g)	11.0%	

Sources:

- (a) State of California, Department of Finance, E-4 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties, and the State, January 1, 2001-2009, with 2000 benchmark as of May 2009.
- (b) State of California, Department of Finance, E-1 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties, and the State, January 1, 2010, as of May 2010.
- (c) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Accounts, CA1-3-Personal Income, as of April 2010. All dollar estimates are in current dollars (not adjusted for inflation).
- (d) University of California, Santa Barbara (UCSB), Economic Forecast 2009 for 2009.
- (e) California Lutheran University, Center for Economic Research and Forecasting.
- (f) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Accounts, CA1-3-Per Capita Personal Income 2, as of April 2010. Per capita personal income was computed using Census Bureau midyear population estimates available as of April 2008. All dollar estimates are in current dollars (not adjusted for inflation).
- (g) The 2009 and 2010 estimates are a calculated total of personal income divided by population reported for that year.
- (h) State of California, Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division, March 2009 benchmark, as of November 2010. Historical Civilian Labor Force, data not seasonally adjusted. 2001 to 2009 rates are annual averages. The 2010 rate is a ten month average.

Ventura County Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

_		a]		2000	D[b]	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	County Employment	Employees ©	Rank	County Employment
United States Naval Base	15,300	1	5.26%	17,300	1	5.86%
County of Ventura	8,241	2	2.83%	7,500	2	2.54%
Amgen, Inc.	6,700	3	2.30%	4,400	3	1.49%
Wellpoint, Inc.	3,622	5	1.25%	3,773	4	1.28%
Simi Unified School District	2,600	6	0.89%	2,290	10	0.78%
Conejo Unified School District	2,129	10	0.73%	2,761	7	0.94%
Community Memorial Hospital	2,000	7	0.69%	1,440	15	0.49%
Ventura Community College Dist	1,935	8	0.67%	2,000	11	0.68%
Ventura Unified School District	1,909	9	0.66%	2,342	9	0.79%
Los Robles Regional Medical Cei_	1,469	10	0.51%	1,285	19	0.44%
<u>-</u>	45,905	•	15.79%	45,091		15.29%

Note:

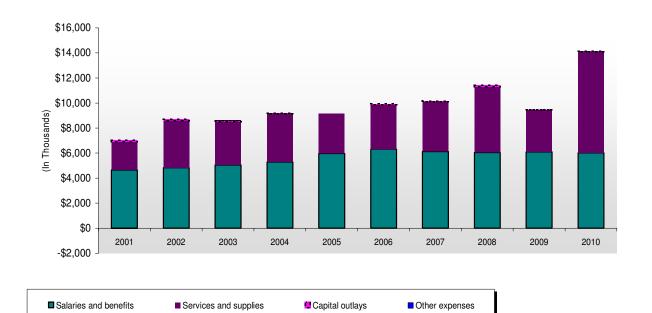
⁽a) 2010 Ventura County Real Estate and Economic Outlook as of February, 2010

⁽b) UCSB Economic Forecast Project as of January, 2001

⁽c) As modified by the Auditor-Controller's Office

⁽i.e., segments reported separately in the UCSB report were totaled by employer.)

Expenditures by Category – Last Ten Fiscal Years
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)



Year Ended		alaries benefits	Services and supplies		•		Other expenses		Total enditures
2001	\$	4,654	\$	2,234	\$ 129	\$	(39)	\$	6,979
2002		4,835		3,768	95		-		8,697
2003		5,048		3,448	98		22		8,615
2004		5,287		3,869	39		-		9,194
2005		5,972		3,146	-		-		9,118
2006		6,320		3,531	83		-		9,934
2007		6,116		3,989	50		-		10,155
2008		6,050		5,230	134		-		11,414
2009		6,098		3,352	34		-		9,484
2010	(1)	6,023	(1)	8,074	43				14,140

(1) Public Protection

Source: Ventura County Air Pollution Control District Financial Statements

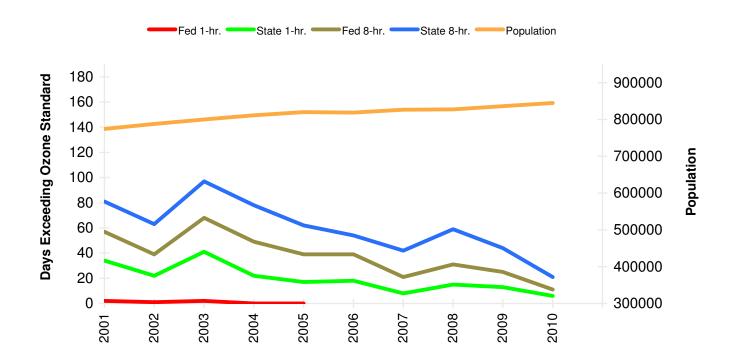
Full-Time Equivalent Employees – Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

FISCAL YEAR

	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
	11	10	8	8	7	7	6	6	6	6
	2	2	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	17	18	18	18	18	15	15	15	15	14
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	2	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	1	1
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	65.0	64.0	63.0	63.0	61.0	59.0	53.0	53.0	53.0	52.0
_	00.0	04.0	03.0	03.0	01.0	J9.U	55.0	55.0	55.0	52.0

Budget of Fiscal Year. It does not include staffing changes during the fiscal year and extra-help.

Ventura County Smog Trend
Last Ten Calendar Years
(Unaudited)



Source: Ventura County Air Pollution Control District Monitoring Division

